



# Dry Lube

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012  
Date of issue: 10/20/2020      Revision date: 9/9/2021      Version: 1.1

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product name : Dry Lube  
Product code : 16-TDL

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use : Multi-Purpose Lubricant

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### Manufacturer

B'laster LLC  
8500 Sweet Valley Drive  
Valley View, Ohio 44125 - USA  
T (216) 901-5800 - F (216) 901-5801  
[www.blasterproducts.com](http://www.blasterproducts.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : ChemTel 800-255-3924

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Flam. Aerosol 2  
Dissolved gas  
Asp. Tox. 1

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS02

GHS04

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : Flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

# Dry Lube

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling	(CAS No) 68410-97-9	80 - 100
Carbon dioxide	(CAS No) 124-38-9	1 - 4
Cyclohexane	(CAS No) 110-82-7	0.5 - 3

\*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : If irritation occurs, flush skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses, if worn. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. This product may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptoms may not appear immediately. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible).

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, halons or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Flammable aerosol. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon and oxides of nitrogen.
- Explosion hazard : Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.
- Reactivity : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives. Evacuate area.
- Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA). Vapors may be heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant ignition source and flash back. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Isolate from fire, if possible, without unnecessary risk. Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

No additional information available

# Dry Lube

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in a suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).
- Methods for cleaning up : Scoop up material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for further information on protective clothing and equipment and section 13 for advice on waste disposal.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Hazardous waste due to potential risk of explosion. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
- Precautions for safe handling : Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Use non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not swallow. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor or spray. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- Hygiene measures : Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.
- Storage conditions : Keep locked up and out of reach of children. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources. Keep in fireproof place.
- Storage area : Store in a well-ventilated place.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (68410-97-9)		
Not applicable		
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5000 ppm
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	300 ppm

### 8.2. Exposure controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.
- Hand protection : Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.
- Eye protection : Safety glasses or goggles are recommended when using product.
- Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.
- Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Environmental exposure controls : Maintain levels below Community environmental protection thresholds.
- Other information : Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking. Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Physical state : Gas/Pressurized Liquid.

# Dry Lube

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012

Appearance	: Hazy white
Colour	: Clear
Odour	: Mild aliphatic
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 195-208 °F / 90 - 98 °C
Flash point	: 14.6 °F / -8 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Flammable aerosol
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 0.81
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

Heat of Combustion	: 24 kJ/g
Flame Projection	: > 21 inches
Flashback	: Yes

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage conditions. Flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Container may explode if heated. Do not puncture. Do not burn. Extreme risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sources of ignition. Heat. Incompatible materials.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon and oxides of nitrogen.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified.

Dry Lube	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg (Calculated Acute Toxicity Estimate)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Calculated Acute Toxicity Estimate)
LC50 inhalation rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (Calculated Acute Toxicity Estimate)

# Dry Lube

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012

<b>Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (68410-97-9)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	5170 mg/kg

<b>Cyclohexane (110-82-7)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	12705 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	13.9 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Notclassified.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Notclassified.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Notclassified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Notclassified.
Carcinogenicity	: Notclassified.
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Notclassified.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. This product may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Other information	: Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

<b>Cyclohexane (110-82-7)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	3.96 - 5.18 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
LC50 fish 2	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>Dry Lube</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Dry Lube</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

<b>Cyclohexane (110-82-7)</b>	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	3.44

<b>Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)</b>	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product.

# Dry Lube

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

- Waste disposal recommendations : This material must be disposed of in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and federal regulations. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
- Additional information : Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### DOT, IATA, & IMO

- UN-No. : UN1950
- Proper Shipping Name : AEROSOLS, flammable, limited quantities

- Class : 2.1
- Hazard labels :



- Other information : No supplementary information available.
- Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

##### Cyclohexane (110-82-7)

Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag : T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting : 1 %

#### 15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

##### Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

##### Cyclohexane (110-82-7)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### SECTION 16: Other information

- Date of issue : 10/20/2020
- Revision date : 10/20/2020
- Other information : None.

*Disclaimer: We believe the statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are reliable, but they are given without warranty or guarantee of any kind. The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for the user's own particular use.*